AMERICAN COMMEMORATIVE CANCELLATIONS

Issue Date February 2, 2016

First Day City Philadelphia, PA

DesignerGreg Breeding
Charlottesville, VA

Art Director Greg Breeding

Typographer Greg Breeding

Modeler Joseph Sheeran

Manufacturing Process
Offset/Microprint

Printer
Ashton Potter (USA)
Ltd. (APU)

Engraver N/A Colors

Green (PMS 556C), Cyan, Magenta, Yellow, Black

Image Area (w x h) 0.84 x 1.42 in. 21.34 x 36.07 mm

Format
Pane of 20 (1 design)

Plate Numbers
"P" followed by five single digits

Marginal Markings
Header:
"BLACK HERITAGE"
"Celebrating Richard
Allen" "39TH IN A
SERIES" • © 2015
USPS, plate numbers,
USPS logo, plate
position diagram,
barcode, descriptive
text, promotional text

Richard Allen

When Richard Allen (1760–1831) lamented the bitterness of slavery, he spoke from experience—but this remarkably resolute and industrious man purchased his own freedom in his twenties and became one of the most important African-American leaders of his era.

After making a name for himself as a traveling minister throughout the Mid-Atlantic, Allen was asked to preach to his fellow African Americans at a Methodist church in Philadelphia. He quickly rose to prominence as a civic leader, co-founding an organization to help African-American neighbors in need, rallying black Philadelphians to serve as aid workers during a yellow fever epidemic, and preparing the black community to defend the city during the War of 1812.

Eager to establish an independent African-American church, Allen purchased an old blacksmith's shop and moved it to land he owned at Sixth and Lombard Streets. Bethel Church was dedicated in 1794 and soon attracted several hundred members, but Allen spent years in conflict with white church leaders who sought to assert their control. At one point, they tried to sell the building out from under him—but as a successful businessman, Allen was able to buy it back at auction. After a campaign that included sit-ins by African Americans and a judgment by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, the congregation secured its independence. In 1816, Allen summoned other black Methodist leaders to Philadelphia, where together they founded the African Methodist Episcopal (AME) Church, electing and consecrating Allen as its first bishop.

Today, Mother Bethel AME Church stands on the site where Allen converted that old blacksmith's shop more than two centuries ago, and the denomination he founded now boasts more than 2.5 million members. His life—a legacy of determination, uplift, charity, and faith—remains an inspiration to all Americans.



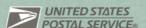


BLACK HERITAGE

RICHARD
ALLEN February 2, 2016
Philadelphia, PA 19104

The Library Company of Philadelphia

© 2016 United States Postal Service (1607)



Richard Allen

THE 39TH STAMP IN THE Black Heritage series commemorates preacher, activist, and civic leader Richard Allen (1760–1831), whose remarkable life and work resonate profoundly in American history.

After purchasing his own freedom from slavery and making a name for himself as a traveling minister throughout the Mid-Atlantic, Allen was asked to preach to his fellow African Americans at a Methodist church in Philadelphia. He quickly rose to prominence as a civic leader, co-founding an organization to help African-American neighbors in need, rallying black Philadelphians to serve as aid workers during a yellow fever epidemic, and preparing the black community to defend the city during the War of 1812.

Eager to establish an independent
African-American church, Allen purchased an
old blacksmith's shop and moved it to land he
owned at Sixth and Lombard Streets. Bethel
Church was dedicated in 1794 and soon
attracted several hundred members, but Allen
spent years in conflict with white church

leaders who sought to assert their control.

After a campaign that included sit-ins by

African Americans and a judgment by the

Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, the

congregation secured its independence. In

1816, Allen summoned other black Methodist
leaders to Philadelphia, where together they
founded the African Methodist Episcopal

(AME) Church, electing and consecrating Allen
as its first bishop.

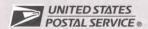
With more than 2.5 million members, the AME Church remains a truly indispensable institution in African-American life—while its founder's resilience is a legacy for all Americans to honor and admire.





background and intaglio: The Library Company of Philadelphia

Stamps printed by Ashton Potter (USA) Ltd. (APU)/No. 960 in a series/February 2, 2016/Printed in U.S.A./ © 2016 United States Postal Service



BLACK HERITAGE

Celebrating Richard Allen



BLACK HERITAGE

Celebrating Richard Allen

When Richard Allen (1760-1831) lamented the bitterness of slavery, he spoke from experience-but this remarkably resolute and industrious man purchased his own freedom in his twenties and became one of the most important African-American leaders of his era.

After making a name for himself as a traveling minister throughout the Mid-Atlantic, Allen was asked to preach to his fellow African Americans at a Methodist church in Philadelphia. He guickly rose to prominence as a civic leader, co-founding an organization to help African-American neighbors in need, rallying black Philadelphians to serve as aid workers during a yellow fever epidemic, and preparing the black community to defend the city during the War of 1812.

Eager to establish an independent African-American church, Allen purchased an old blacksmith's shop and moved it to land he owned at Sixth and Lombard Streets. Bethel Church was dedicated in 1794 and soon attracted several hundred members, but Allen spent years in conflict with white church leaders who sought to assert their control. At one point, they tried to sell the building out from under him-but as a successful businessman, Allen was able to buy it back at auction. After a campaign that included sit-ins by African Americans and a judgment by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, the congregation secured its independence. In 1816, Allen summoned other black Methodist leaders to Philadelphia, where together they founded the African Methodist Episcopal (AME) Church, electing and consecrating Allen as its first bishop.

Today, Mother Bethel AME Church stands on the site where Allen converted that old blacksmith's shop more than two centuries ago, and the denomination he founded now boasts more than 2.5 million members. His life—a legacy of determination, uplift, charity, and faith—remains an inspiration to all Americans. oques col







Richard Allen COMMEMORATIVE FOREVER® STAMP

FIRST-DAY-OF-ISSUE STAMP DEDICATION CEREMONY

Tuesday, February 2, 2016

Mother Bethel African Methodist Episcopal Church
419 South 6th Street • Philadelphia, PA 19147



Introduction

Reverend Mark K. Tyler, Ph.D.

52nd Pastor, Mother Bethel A.M.E. Church

Master of Ceremonies

Vernon E. Jordan, Jr.

Sr. Managing Director — Lazard Lifelong Member of A.M.E. Church

PRESENTATION OF COLORS

3rd Regiment, Infantry, U.S. Colored Troops

NATIONAL ANTHEM

J'nai Bridges

Mezzo Soprano

LIFT EVERY VOICE AND SING

Regina Jackson

INVOCATION

Bishop Carolyn Tyler Guidry, Retired

WELCOME

Bishop Gregory G.M. Ingram

Presiding Prelate of the First Episcopal District A.M.E. Church

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Jacquelyn Dupont-Walker

Director, Social Action Commission,

A.M.E. Church

OFFICIAL STAMP DEDICATION

Dr. Joshua D. Colin

Vice President, Area Operations — Eastern Area, United States Postal Service MUSICAL TRIBUTE
United States Postal Service Choir

REMARKS

Reverend Teresa Fry Brown, Ph.D.

Historiographer/Executive Director Department of Research & Scholarship A.M.E. Church

GREETINGS

The Honorable Jim Kenney

Mayor, City of Philadelphia

Richard Lawrence

Richard Allen Descendant

Bishop John R. Bryant

Senior Bishop, A.M.E. Church

CLOSING REMARKS

Bishop Reginald T. Jackson

Chair, Social Action Commission,

A.M.E. Church

MUSICAL TRIBUTE

J'nai Bridges

Mezzo Soprano

BENEDICTION

DENEDICTION

Bishop Jeffery Leath

13th Episcopal District, A.M.E. Church

Mention USPS[®] online using #HeritageStamps or #RichardAllenForever, so we can share your thoughts.

Richard Allen

When Richard Allen (1760–1831) lamented the bitterness of slavery, he spoke from experience, but this resolute and industrious man purchased his own freedom in his twenties and became one of the most important African-American leaders of his era. Designed by art director Greg Breeding, this 39th stamp in the Black Heritage series features a detail from a 19th-century print and celebrates Allen's accomplishments as a preacher, activist and civic leader.

After making a name for himself as a traveling minister throughout the mid-Atlantic, Allen was asked to preach to his fellow African Americans at a Methodist church in Philadelphia. He quickly rose to prominence, co-founding an organization to help African-American neighbors in need, rallying black Philadelphians to serve as aid workers during a yellow fever epidemic and preparing the black community to defend the city during the War of 1812.

Eager to establish an independent African-American church, Allen purchased an old blacksmith's shop and moved it to land he owned at Sixth and Lombard Streets. Bethel Church was dedicated in 1794 and soon attracted several hundred members, but Allen spent years in conflict with white church leaders. At one point, the church leaders tried to sell the building out from under him — but as a successful businessman, Allen was able to buy it back at auction. After a campaign that included sit-ins and a judgment by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, the congregation secured its independence. In 1816, Allen summoned other black Methodist leaders to Philadelphia, where together they founded the African Methodist Episcopal (AME) Church, electing and consecrating Allen as its first bishop.

Today, Mother Bethel AME Church stands on the site where Allen converted that old blacksmith's shop, and the denomination he founded now boasts more than 2.5 million members. His life — a legacy of determination, uplift, charity and faith — remains an inspiration to all Americans.

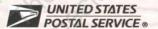
Richard Allen COMMEMORATIVE FOREVER' STAMP

First-Day-of-Issue

Stamp Dedication Ceremony

Tuesday, February 2, 2016

Mother Bethel African Methodist Episcopal Church
419 South 6th Street
Philadelphia, PA 19147





first day of issue

BLACK HERITAGE

February 2, 2016 Philadelphia, PA 19104

FIRST-DAY-OF-ISSUE

Celebrate the Art of Stamps